## **COURSE OUTLINE**

1. GENERAL	
------------	--

SCHOOL	AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES						
ACADEMIC UNIT	ANIMAL PRODUCTION, FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE						
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRATUATE						
COURSE CODE	AS_5005		SEMESTER	ELE	CTIVE		
				(8t	h,9th,10th)		
COURSE TITLE	BIOINFOR	MATICS and GEN	IOMICS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES			WFFKLY				
if credits are awarded for separate co	components of the course, e.g. <b>TEACHING CREDIT</b>			CREDITS			
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	the credits are awarded for the HOURS						
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	2 LECTURES + 2			2			
	2 LECTORES + 2 2 LAB			_			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation o	f teaching an	d the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (a	l).		<u> </u>				
COURSE TYPE	general ba	ckground, specia	l background,	spec	cialised		
special background, specialised general	general kn	owieage,					
knowledge, skills development							
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK. It can be taught in English in case of foreign						
and EXAMINATIONS:	students' presence.						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes						
ERASMUS STUDENTS							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							
2. LEARNING OUTCOMES							
Learning outcomes The course learning outcomes, specific knowled	dae. skills and c	ompetences of an app	propriate level. whi	ich the	e students will		
acquire with the successful completion of the c	ourse are descr	ibed.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Consult Appendix A <ul> <li>Description of the level of learning outcom</li> </ul>	nes for each au	lifications cycle acco	rdina to the Qualif	ficatio	ns Framework of		
the European Higher Education Area	ies for each que	infleations cycle, acco	rung to the quali	icutio	ns i runiework oj		
Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the Europ     Cuidelines for uniting Learning Outcomes	pean Qualificat	ons Framework for L	ifelong Learning a	nd Ap	pendix B		
• Guidentes for writing Learning Outcomes	vant Learni	ng Process is in	a position:				
To integrate the existing bi	oinformati	rs and genomics	association ir	nto r	nodern		
rosoarch					liouenn		
					f		
Manage, control and analyze molecular data for the ultimate purpose of extracting							
biological conclusions.							
<ul> <li>To use and apply the nume</li> </ul>	erous datab	ases of biologica	al information	ove	r the		
Internet.							
<ul> <li>Recovers, compares and analyzes biological information in silico.</li> </ul>							
• Manages computer programs and web servers for homology, genetic analysis,							
genome analysis, phylogenetic analysis of DNA and amino acid sequences.							
<b>General Competences</b> Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma							
Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?							
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism							
Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment							
Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and							

Working	, independently concitivity to gender issues						
Team work     Criticism and self-criticism							
Working in an international environment         Production of free, creative and inductive thinking           Working in an interdiscipling an environment         Production of free, creative and inductive thinking							
Product	ion of new research ideas Others						
Search	for analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology						
Decisio	Decision-making						
Workir	Working independently						
Team work							
Respect for the natural environment							
Produc	Criticism and self-criticism						
TTOUUC							
3. SY	/LLABUS						
Lectur	es:						
1.	what is Bioinformatics? Definitions						
۷.	Databases (GOLD, NCBI, PubMed, Nucleotide, Proteins, OMIM, BOLD etc.) -						
-	Annotation problems						
3.	Information analysis tools stored in Protein and Genome Information Resources,						
4.	Genomes and Genomics. Import. What it is, definitions						
5.	Interaction: Conventional and New Generation Technologies, Single-Cell						
	Sequencing.						
6.	. Genomics and gene mapping						
7.	. Structural and Functional Genomics						
8.	Microarray and Transcript						
9.	Proteomic and metabolic						
10	). Comparative genomics and evolution						
11	. Epogenomic						
12	. Genomic projects in various organizations						
13	. Application of genomics to diseases and productive features.						
Labora	Laboratory Part Description						
1.	Nucleic acid and protein databases. Search bibliography and extract information						
	from biological data bases						
2.	BLAST - FASTA - CLUSTAL - Sequencing and Multiple Sequence Search Tools						
3.	Characterization of motifs and periodicities in protein and DNA sequences (Families						
	- Groups)						
4.	Align and find sequence homology.						
5.	Design of primers.						

- 6. Construction and evaluation of phylogenetic trees.
- 7. Evolution models.

## 1. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face teaching.				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	During the course the students will be invited to				
	approach a research question and write a brief				
	bibliographic essay, form their own questions to their				
	colleagues based on the new information and				
	participate in the interaction and I	earning activities			
	after the lectures (eg coaching of colleagues.				
	questioning their colleagues, class summary, "teach my				
	classmate", etc.).				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	O Power Point in lectures				
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	$\sim$ Power Point in Jaboratory exercises				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	<ul> <li>Using the e-Class nlatform for:</li> </ul>				
communication with students	Osing the e-class platform for:     Distribution of lectures				
	<ul> <li>Distribution of rectures</li> <li>Self-assessment exercises</li> </ul>				
	> Learning streamlin				
		ng and evaluation of			
	> Deposit, monitori	ig and evaluation of			
	WOIK	ition			
	Alter-class deliv	nies			
	Laboratory Examinations				
TEACHING METHODS	Progress evaluation				
The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity Semester				
described in detail.	1 Lectures (3 hours X 13	39			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork. study and analysis of biblioaraphy.	weeks)	59			
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	2. literature search and reading	26			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits project essay writing artistic creativity	connected with (1) (2 hours X				
etc.	13 weeks)				
The student's study hours for each learning	3. Self-evalution exesrcises in e-	13			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Class (1 hours X 13 weeks)				
directed study according to the principles of	4. LAB exercises (2 hours X 13	14			
	weeks)				
	5. Writing short lab reports or lab	7			
	evaluation connected to (4) (1				
	6 Participation in the "after	12			
	class" activities (2hours X 13	15			
	weeks)				
	7. Study and preparation for the	10			
	evaluation workload				
	8. Final exams	3			
	Course total (5x25)	125			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	The evaluation will be done in Greek	unless there is			
EVALUATION	necessity for an avluation in English b	ecause of the presebce			
Description of the evaluation proceaure	of foreign students.				
Language of evaluation, methods of	The evaluation will be done as follow:	ng:			
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice auestionnaires, short-answer auestions	Ine evaluation will be done as following:				
open-ended questions problem solving	evaluation (Average of the report				
open enaca quescions, problem solving,	evaluation (Average of the report	2070			

examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Participation in the "after class" activities (Average)	15%		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Participation in the "after class" activities (Average)	15%		
	Final exams	50%		
	Minimum grade to pass: 5 (Range: 0-10) In the case of evaluation failure (in theory of the lab)			

the exams will be repeated but the follow up of the lab exercises it is not obligatory as long as the student was present in all the necessary lab exercises. The evaluation grades of the other activities (eg after class) will be valid for the next two (2) years, meaning four (4) semesters from the typical semester taught.

## 2. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Lesk A.M. (2008) Introduction to Genomics. Oxford University Press; 3 edition (June 2, 2008) Baxevanis A.D. & Ouellette F. Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, Second Edition 2nd Edition Wiley-Interscience; 2 edition (April 6, 2001)

Related academic journals:
 Bionformatics
 BMC Bioinformatics
 Evolutionary Bioinformatics
 Genomics, Proteomics & Bioinformatics
 Journal of Bioinformatics and Comparative Genomics